

Cary



LABOR CLARION

LEADING ARTICLES—March 29, 1918.

JOLTED BY FEDERAL AGENT.

ALMOST THE END.

SALARY INCREASES PASS HOUSE.

BROUILLET SEATED.

THE BOLSHIEVIKI LESSON.

PUBLISHED BY THE
LABOR CLARION
CALIFORNIA



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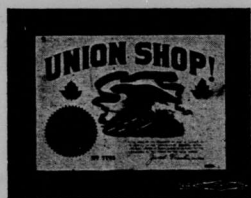
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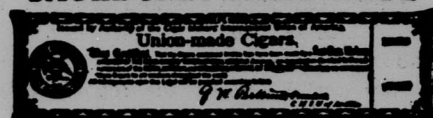
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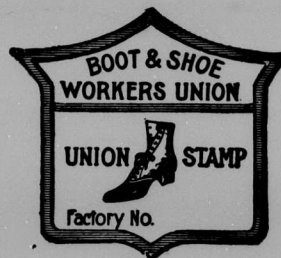


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EMPLOYERS JOLTED BY AGENT.

Employers are jolted in a statement by Roger W. Babson, the Boston statistician, who is assisting the United States employment service.

After visiting chambers of commerce and other business groups in Western cities, Mr. Babson says he returns convinced of these points:

"The labor difficulty at present is one of improper distribution rather than of shortage. The complaints of manufacturers, I found, have arisen not so much from their difficulty in obtaining labor but from their difficulty in obtaining it at the prices which the manufacturers desire to pay. My principal difficulty was in convincing manufacturers of the increase in the cost of living to wage earners and in the reasonableness of advancing wages corresponding to the advances in the price of materials.

"Manufacturers who are not complaining about paying advances of 100 per cent or more for material are strenuously objecting to paying a fraction of this advance in wages.

"I started on my trip with the idea of educating workers to the difficulty and needs of the present situation. I returned with the idea that manufacturers, especially those in some localities, need fully as much 'missionary work' as do the workers.

"In many ways manufacturers are more liberal than wage earners. They cheerfully pay heavy taxes, give bountifully to the Red Cross and similar organizations, are willing to work in Washington for \$1 a year, and permit their wives to knit from morning to night; but there is one thing which they will not do—give up one-sixteenth of so-called 'inherited rights of the employing class.' Like the weakest link in a chain, this may be the weakness of our whole industrial structure today."

FEEDING OF CHILDREN NATION'S DUTY.

"Children first' should be part of the national food slogan," says the children's bureau of the Federal Department of Labor in a bulletin on "Milk, the Indispensable Food for Children."

"The result of underfeeding or indiscriminate food substitution in childhood are startlingly shown abroad as a result of the war, and are beginning to be evident in our own great cities," it is stated. "The nourishment of our children is the first duty of the Nation. Since milk and milk products are a vital necessity for children, for nursing mothers, and for the sick and wounded, the public should be made to realize that the children's need for dairy products should be assured.

"It is the duty now of every individual community to see that its children have milk of good quality and in sufficient amount to assure their normal development. To do this the price of milk must be controlled or fixed, and the milk supply to infants and children carefully safeguarded. The malnutrition of our children was, even before 1914, a serious national problem and one demanding urgent attention. Poverty and ignorance of dietary essentials have been ever-present factors in the malnutrition of the young, and war conditions can not fail to increase the gravity of the situation and the difficulties of maintaining the health of the Nation."

It is stated that England and Italy have regulated the sale of cream and curtailed the use of butter, in order that their child population may receive the more adequate and economical nourishment offered by whole milk. Germany, early in the war, provided that the adult civilian population might have milk only after the needs of children, mothers, invalids and the army were met.

ALMOST THE END.

By Ed. Gammons.

On Thursday, March 21st, Israel Weinberg was admitted to bail in the sum of \$15,000 by order of the State Supreme Court. This was a striking repudiation of the "Alice" Dunne-Fickert alliance which persistently refused to allow Weinberg bail or bring him to trial again. In handing down its decision the Supreme Court agreed with Maxwell McNutt of defense counsel, when it ruled: "More persuasive, though still not controlling, is the acquittal of the prisoner on one of the several indictments where, as is conceded to be the case here, all are founded upon a single transaction."

Weinberg's bail was immediately put up by two prominent citizens. The cash bail was released early this week and \$30,000 of real estate substituted. It is very probable that Weinberg will never be tried again.

When Rena Mooney was brought into Judge Griffin's court on Monday last the defense agreed to a two weeks' continuance if the prosecution wouldn't oppose her motion for bail in the Supreme Court. So it is very probable that she, also, will be admitted to bail inside another week.

This leaves Mooney and Billings still in prison, one facing the gallows and the other serving a life term in Folsom prison. Labor is calling a series of conferences to confer on the Mooney case and mass meetings are being held all over the country to bring pressure to bear on the President and Governor Stephens in the matter. The largest meetings held recently were in New York, Detroit, Bridgeport, Seattle, Spokane, Brooklyn (several meetings), and Albany. The Bridgeport meeting was addressed by Anton Johannsen and Dudley Field Malone. Both also addressed a suffrage meeting which also passed a strong resolution urging pardon for Mooney.

A local mass meeting will be held in the Civic Auditorium on the night of April 16th. Delegations from all around the bay district will comprise the major portion of the audience. It promises to be a huge success.

NATION WILL BUILD SHIPS.

Writing in the New York "Times," Dr. Chas. A. Eaton, head of the national section, United States Emergency Fleet Corporation, says:

"The shipyards and the ship management, in my judgment, are exactly as good as the rest of the public—no worse and no better. America is getting just as good a shipbuilding program as she deserves—no worse and no better. As the tide of patriotism and intelligence and sacrificial service rises among the people at large, it will rise in the shipyards.

"There is trouble, but there is no more trouble, and it is of no different kind, than permeates the entire Nation. It will be cured, as all social trouble is cured, by the iron discipline of experience. It cannot be shooed away by any hysteria. The heart of the Nation is sound. Because we were not prepared, we shall have to stand a lot of beating before we really get into the fight. We will stand the beating. We will get into the fight, and we will win it, and no part of our citizenship will deserve more credit than the shipbuilders, management and men."

ALLIANCE BOARD TO MEET.

The executive board of the San Francisco branch of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy will hold an important meeting next Monday evening at eight o'clock in Room 207 of the Labor Temple. All members are urged to be present.

WILL EASTERN BOOK TRUST WIN?

The Home Industry League is up against the Eastern Book Trust in its effort to prevent the State Board of Education from sending away from California work in the printing line that should be kept here.

The text-book law states that quality and price being right that California text-books should be preferred by the State Board of Education in listing text-books for the various high schools to the exclusion of books made outside of California.

Gallagher-Marsh shorthand books, which are made in California, have been listed by the State Board of Education as adequate but the board also listed several shorthand text-books made in the East, which has brought about the controversy between the State Board of Education and the Home Industry League of California, the League protesting against the competition of Eastern books on the ground that our California books are better and the work of making these books should be kept here.

To back up its claim of superiority for Gallagher-Marsh books, our California system, the League offers to submit the whole question of superiority to a competitive test; that it will select Gallagher-Marsh shorthand writers who will write against any other shorthand writers in the world and prove conclusively the superiority of our California shorthand system.

This seems to us a very important matter and one the State Board of Education should not be permitted to brush aside lightly, as it not only concerns our industrial classes but has to do with the welfare of our boys and girls who wish to be stenographers; if our shorthand system is the best in the world our public schools should teach it whether it pleases the Eastern Book Trust or not. The printing mechanics are also entitled to an inning as it would contribute to their prosperity if all shorthand text-books used in California were made in California, not to say anything about the effect it would have in inducing authors of other text-books to have their books produced here.

It behooves all public officials concerned in this matter to see that no work leaves the State of California that can be done here, and judging from the recommendations of our California shorthand text-books there can be no honest opposition to its exclusive use in the California public schools, as there are no other shorthand text-books made in California listed.

Public officials should be seeking an opportunity to keep work here rather than be looking for some pretext which might seem to justify them in sending it out of the State.

BUTCHERS ORGANIZE ITALIANS.

That the Italian butchers of North Beach are now 100 per cent organized and that the meat markets of that section of the city are now being conducted according to the prescribed rules of the Butchers' Union, is the report made by Secretary Sanford of Journeyman Butchers' Union No. 115.

This means much shorter hours of labor for the Italian journeymen butchers, as heretofore the meat markets of North Beach have been keeping open until all hours of the night on Saturday night. Now they will close promptly at seven o'clock on Saturday night and at six o'clock on other nights.

At the last meeting of the union twenty-five applications for membership were received and fifteen candidates were initiated.

SALARY INCREASES PASS HOUSE.

The Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, March 13th, proposed an amendment to the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Appropriation bill designed as a substitute for the Keating measure, the latter of which represented the position of the National Federation of Federal Employees as to the amount of salary increase which should be granted. The committee amendment provided for a flat increase of \$120 to all Federal employees receiving salaries up to and including \$2000. Representative Keating attempted to amend the committee report so as to raise the flat increase to \$180, which would have made the amounts granted practically the same as those provided for in his bill, but the House defeated his amendment on Friday, March 15th, and passed the one recommended by the committee. This means a slightly greater increase than that of last year but one which is not at all commensurate with our requests or with the increase in the cost of living.

The Borland amendment requiring a minimum eight-hour workday for all Federal employees, with no provision for extra pay for overtime work, also passed the House on Friday, March 15th, as an amendment to the amendment quoted above, and if the bill in its present form is passed by the Senate and signed by the President, it will operate alike on employees within and outside of the District of Columbia. The National Federation of Federal Employees protested emphatically against the committee substitute for the Keating bill and also against the minimum eight-hour amendment, but the opposition was temporarily too strong.

At the moment when a vote on the Borland amendment to the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill was being taken by the House of Representatives the same provision was under consideration by the Senate as an amendment to the Agricultural bill. Senator Morris Sheppard moved to strike out the amendment, Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia proposed an amendment providing for extra leave of absence corresponding to all hours in excess of eight per day worked by Federal employees, and Senator Wm. S. Kenyon proposed an amendment to the effect that the provision for the minimum eight-hour day should be operative only during the period of the war. Senator Kenyon's amendment was carried, Senator Smith's lost, and the motion to strike out the entire amendment was lost by 29 to 28. Senator John Sharp Williams proposed an amendment providing for pay at the rate of time and a half for all work in excess of eight hours, and, this motion being ruled out on a point of order, announced an appeal from the decision of the chair. Senator Sheppard announced that he would renew his motion to strike out the amendment, and the matter is therefore for the present still unsettled.

DENY CHARGES.

The charges made by O. A. Tveitmoe, secretary of the Building Trades Council of California, that local shipbuilding crafts refused to permit other union mechanics to engage in the construction of vessels sorely needed by the Government in the prosecution of the war, were emphatically denied in resolutions adopted Thursday at the convention of the Pacific District Council of Boilermakers, in session in the San Francisco Labor Temple.

The resolutions declare that the boilermakers and allied crafts have enlisted men of other crafts who were able to assist in the building of ships.

According to the resolution, the only people who were denied the right to work in the shipyards were I. W. W. and enemy aliens.

Patronize "Labor Clarion" advertisers.

NEW MISSION THEATRE.

Easter Sunday will be a red-letter day at the New Mission Theatre.

First of all there will be Weber's New Mission Orchestra, featuring Melville, the wizard of the violin, which will be heard for the first time. In observance of the Easter season a specially selected program has been arranged by W. A. Weber, director of the orchestra. G. Bernard Vest will preside at the new organ.

And, for the kiddies—there will be Easter gifts. Each child attending the theatre on Easter Sunday will be presented with a present from the management.



Finally, the feature picture will be one of the best that has been shown to Missionites on the excellent programs provided by the Paramount and Artcraft Pictures Corporation. William S. Hart in "Wolves of the Rail," a production that will be shown for the first time in the district, will be the attraction.

Hart takes a new role in "Wolves of the Rail," though all of his rugged characteristics are retained. Appearing briefly as the leader of a desperate gang of railroad hold-up men, he leaves his criminal career to please his dying mother. From that time on the stalwart star is seen as a staunch supporter of the law. He takes charge of a wild stretch of the road and proceeds to clean it up unaided. He is given excellent support by a cast headed by pretty Viola Vale. The other usual supplementary films include the Hearst Pathe News and a comedy.

"Mrs. Dane's Defense," a sensational drama of problematical turn, will be Pauline Frederick's starring vehicle at the New Mission Wednesday and Thursday.

Friday and Saturday Mary Pickford will be seen in a return engagement of "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm." This is in response to the many requests to repeat this successful film version of the popular story.

WAGE SCALES INDORSED.

The San Francisco Labor Council has indorsed the following proposed wage scales of affiliated unions:

Asphalt Workers' Union, calling for an increase of fifty cents per day.

Cracker Bakers' Auxiliary No. 125, calling for an increase ranging from twenty-five to fifty cents per day.

The Labor Council executive committee has under consideration the indorsement of wage scales of Cemetery Workers' Union and the Warehousemen's and Cereal Workers' Union.

ROOFERS NAME DELEGATES.

The Felt and Composition Roofers' Union, which recently affiliated with the San Francisco Labor Council, is represented in that body by B. E. Powers and J. Kelleher.

NEW MISSION THEATRE

MISSION STREET, BET. 21st and 22nd

Beginning Easter Sunday

**Weber's
New Mission Orchestra**

and

Melville

The Wizard of the Violin

Wm. S. Hart

In "Wolves of the Rail"

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Funeral Work a Specialty at Lowest Prices
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OVERALLS & PANTS**

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ARGONAUT SHIRTS

Herman's Hats

UNION MADE

2396 Mission St.

at Twentieth

NEW PATRIOTIC SONG.

One of the latest song hits is "When the Sammies Cross the Rhine," the words and music being by Thomas H. West, editor of "The Labor Herald," published at Kansas City, Mo. The music being arranged by Professor H. O. Wheeler, one of the leading band directors of America.

Copies of the song may be had by sending 10 cents to Thomas H. West, 408 Admiral boulevard, Kansas City, Mo.

The union label is on the song.

The following is the song, "When the Sammies Cross the Rhine":

There comes a call from o'er the sea
From people we know well,
The countrymen of noble Lafayette,
Their homes have been invaded,
And destroyed by shot and shell,
By aiding now we're paying France a debt.

Chorus.

When we get over, we'll be in clover,
For we're eager for the fray.
With dear Old Glory, we'll bring the story,
Of the good old U. S. A.
To free a nation, we'll take our station,
With the heroes now upon the firing line;
And with the kaiser, 'twill be 'good-bye sir,
When the Sammies cross the Rhine.

We're fighting for Democracy,
The freedom of the world,
And faith and trust is placed in us by all.
Our gallant sons are ready,
Where Old Glory is unfurled,
To rally forward to their country's call.

BAKER'S STORY ABOUT JOFFRE.

When Joffre was in this country he was in my office one day for an hour and I was deeply impressed with his apparent imperturbable calm. He spoke hastily, as it seemed to me; all French seems hasty to me.

But he was calm, and after he had gone out I asked one of his staff officers whether he was always as untroubled and calm as that, and how he had behaved in the terribly disheartening and disastrous days before the battle of the Marne, and he gave me this picture of him: The old Marshal sat in his headquarters, and day after day dispatches came; every minute a dispatch, all of them dark and menacing.

The dispatches were handed to this young man who told me the story, that told of the German advance and of the French retreat and of the capture of this city, and finally of the approach of the German army to Paris. And this Major told me that as each dispatch came in the old Marshal would shrug his shoulders and say, "Oh, well, eh bien!" until finally, under the accumulation of this intense grief, the last dispatch came, telling that the German army was in sight of Paris, their objective the heart of the Marshal's nation.

And all of a sudden his "Oh wells" and "Eh biens" came to an end, and when this last dispatch came in he glanced at it for a moment, tossed it aside, and said, "This is far enough"; picked up a pencil and with his own hand wrote the message to the soldiers of France which ended with something like these words: "The enemy must be permitted to advance not one step further. The least that France expects of any of her sons is that he will die where he stands."

And that began the battle of the Marne, and from that day to this, France has realized her expectation of her children.—Secretary Baker.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you.

BROUILLET SEATED.

When the question of seating A. W. Brouillet, who last October was suspended owing to charges being preferred against him in the Labor Council for remarks he was alleged to have made concerning the bomb defendants at the Sacramento convention of the California Federation of Labor last fall, came before the Council last Friday night, those who were opposed to obeying the decision of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor holding that the Council had no right to refuse to seat him insisted upon a roll call vote, and they got it. When the vote was counted it was found that 118 had voted to obey the law by seating the delegate and 82 had voted against it. Thus Brouillet is now a delegate in the Council representing the local Shoe Clerks' Union. This action brings to an end a contest which engendered much bitterness in the Labor Council during the past few months.

LABOR SUPPLY EQUALS DEMAND.

With the exception of a few of the highly skilled trades whose members are employed in the shipbuilding industry, there is no labor shortage in San Francisco.

In fact, in many trades, such as the building and kindred trades, also of common laborers, the supply is greatly in excess of the demand in and around San Francisco.

These statements are based on reports of State and Government employment bureaus, reports of labor unions, reports from employers and from personal observations of the writer who has visited many of the large industrial plants of San Francisco and there seen hundreds of men vainly seeking employment.

Much has been said and written about the shortage of farm labor, but at the present time there is very little demand for this class of labor, according to statements of men in charge of State and Government employment offices.

That there will be no shortage of farm labor if conditions and wages are right and if the farmer is willing to utilize the great army of unskilled laborers vainly seeking employment in the city, is the opinion of those who have given the subject a careful and unbiased study.

SEEK RECIPROCITY.

The Office Employees' Union, believing in reciprocity, has started a campaign to unionize the office employees of those firms that derive a large part of their revenue from union patronage. The union believes that such employers should offer no objection to their office employees joining the union and should willingly consent to paying them union wages and granting union conditions.

The union is also making a special effort to get into the union the men and women employed in city, county and State offices.

At the last meeting of the union six candidates were initiated and a like number of applications for membership were received.

It is therefore our business carefully to cultivate in our minds, to rear to the most perfect vigor and maturity, every sort of generous and honest feeling that belongs to our nature. To bring the dispositions that are lovely in private life into the service and conduct of the commonwealth; so to be patriots as not to forget we are gentlemen. . . . To model our principles to our duties and our situation. To be fully persuaded that all virtue which is impracticable is spurious; and rather to run the risk of falling into faults in a course which leads us to act with effect and energy, than to loiter out our days without blame and without use. Public life is a situation of power and energy; he trespasses upon his duty who sleeps upon his watch, as well as he that goes over to the enemy.—Edmund Burke.

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FOUR ROOMS OF FURNITURE

\$150

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will look well, wear well and give years
of service.

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CARHARTT OVERALLS

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Square Deal
Godeau Funeral Service

A San Francisco firm using California materials and employing San Franciscans—a friend to the laboring man when he needs a friend. Independent of the Trust.

SAVES YOU ONE-HALF TRUST PRICES

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INCOME TAX COMPARED.

The Treasury Department has published a comparison of American and English income taxes, and says that "our own income taxes are moderate, indeed."

In England the tax on incomes of \$1000 is 4½ per cent, in America nothing.

In England the tax on incomes of \$1500 is 6¾ per cent; in America nothing for married men or heads of families, and 2 per cent on \$500 for an unmarried man.

In England the tax on an income of \$2000 is 7½ per cent; in America nothing for a married man or head of a family, and 2 per cent on \$1000 for unmarried men.

The English income tax rate also increases more rapidly with the growth of the income than ours, a \$3000 income being taxed 14 per cent, \$5000, 16 per cent; \$10,000, 20 per cent, and \$15,000, 25 per cent, while our corresponding taxes for married men are respectively two-thirds of 1 per cent, 1½ per cent, 3½ per cent and 5 per cent, and only slightly more for the unmarried, due to the smaller amount exempted, the rate being the same.

EASTERN MOLDERS HERE.

Twenty-one union molders and coremakers arrived here Thursday from the East to go to work in local shipyards and other plants engaged on Government work. The men were brought here by the Government through the International Molders' Union, there being a scarcity of molders in this vicinity. Their railroad fare was advanced by the Government.

A MUSICAL TREAT.

On Easter Sunday, at three o'clock (new time), a gala program has been prepared in honor of the first anniversary of the dedication of the municipal organ, and, in addition to Organist Lemare, Mme. Jeanne Jomelli, the famous dramatic soprano, and the Exposition Chorus will sing. A notable number will be "The Bells of Rheims," composed by Mr. Lemare a few months after the outbreak of the war, when the Rheims Cathedral was ruthlessly bombarded and laid in ruins. The words are by a noted English novelist, and Mme. Jomelli will interpret the song, Mr. Lemare accompanying her on the piano and Mrs. Edwin H. Lemare, who is an accomplished organist, playing an obligato on the organ. Mme. Jomelli and the Exposition Chorus will sing the "Inflammatus" from Rossini's "Stabat Mater," and Gounod's cantata, and Mr. Lemare's numbers will include the Hallelujah Chorus from Handel's "Messiah," the angel scene from "Hansel and Gretel," by Humperdinck, Hollins' Allegretto Grazioso, and the overture to "Tannhauser," by Wagner. A musical menu like this for the modest sum of ten cents has never been offered before in America, and those who are wise will be at the Auditorium when the doors open at two o'clock.

TO LEAVE HOSPITAL.

Miss May Cummings, secretary of the Garment Workers' Union, who has been seriously ill for the past three weeks, is so far on the road to recovery that she hopes to be able to leave St. Joseph's Hospital within the next week or ten days.

MOLDERS' ORGANIZER HERE.

Arthur R. Burns, general organizer for the International Molders' Union, whose home is at Portland, has been spending the week in San Francisco. He addressed the weekly meeting of Molders' Union No. 164. Burns is en route to Los Angeles where he is to conduct a campaign of organization.

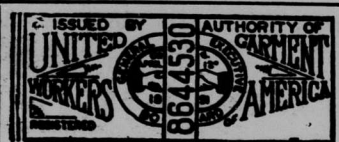
SCHARRENBURG HOME.

Paul Scharrenberg, secretary-treasurer of the California State Federation of Labor, who has been absent from the State for the past two months on Government business, returned home on Tuesday last. Scharrenberg is uncertain as to the length of his stay in San Francisco, as he is liable to be ordered away at any moment.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.



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WEAR OUR UNION MADE SHIRTS

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Armbands

ORPHEUM.

Blossom Seeley, known to vaudeville as "The Todolo Girl and High Potentate of Syncopated Melody," will head the Orpheum bill next week in an act which gives a new impetus to ragtime and is entitled Seeley's Syncopated Studio. In this skit she will have the assistance of Fields, Salisbury, Davis, Lopez and Thorpe, a quintette of young men who constitute the best jazz band before the public. "In the Dark," a mystery melodramatic novelty, is an adroit combination of various dramatic ingredients which include not only mystery, but comedy, and have been so utilized as to form a startling novelty. Vardon and Perry present a musical singing and dancing review which only lasts ten minutes but in that very brief space of time they prove themselves entertainers of uncommon merit and versatility and achieve a popular success. "Color Gems" is the title of a posing act in which five girls and two men will present what they call "A Study in Light, Color and Form." The seasons are used as four subjects and treated by the artist who designed the act in a daring manner. A bird of an act will be presented by Mlle. Lucille and her remarkable cockatoo whose name is Cockie. This member of the parrot family carries on an extended conversation with his mistress, tells a funny story, gives an excellent imitation of a cornet and dances. Bert Kalmar and Jessie Brown will appear in their charming fantasy "Nurseryland"; Marion Harris will sing new ragtime songs, and Fradkin, violin virtuoso, assisted by Miss Jean Tell, soprano, will entirely change their program.

BAKERY DRIVERS STAND PAT.

The Bakery Wagon Drivers' Union has rejected the compromise agreement offered by employers and will stand pat for its original demands for thirty dollars per week and an eight-hour day, according to Business Agent George Kidwell.

The employers offered to compromise by giving a weekly wage of \$27.50 and the eight-hour day.

The union will have another conference Saturday and hopes to get the employers to concede the demands of the organization so that the proposed agreement will go into effect on April 1st.

COOKS WANT HIGHER WAGE.

Cooks' Union No. 44 is seeking an increase in wages of fifty cents a day, making the daily minimum wage \$4.00 instead of \$3.50. If the proposed increase is approved by the San Francisco Labor Council and the International Union an effort will be made to put the same into effect by May 1, 1918.

According to Secretary Alfred E. Steimer the membership of the union is steadily increasing, but great inroads upon the membership of the organization have been made on account of the draft and voluntary enlistments in the Army and Navy, at least ten per cent of the total membership having joined the colors.

DEATHS.

These members of San Francisco unions have died during the past week: Francis Gibson of the press assistants, Louis Roescheise of the machinists, Joseph A. Woodbeck of the painters, Paul Buhr of the marine engineers, John W. Till of the tailors, James Bell of the millmen, Julius Benson of the carpenters, George Ivelich of the bartenders, James Riley of the riggers and stevedores, Thomas O'Connor of the car repairers, Henry Millar of the blacksmiths, James McNamara of the bricklayers, George S. Hopkins of the teamsters, and James Maloney of the beer drivers.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.

WHAT IS TALK WORTH?

By the Rev. Charles Stelzle.

It has often been said that talk is cheap; but it is altogether a question as to who does the talking. As a matter of fact, what a man is means more than what he says, for it is a man's character which determines the value of his speech. This implies that the value of men's words vary.

In this respect men are divided into three classes: Men of the first class have their words taken at par. They mean precisely what they say. Of this type of man it has been said: "His word is as good as his bond." Men of the second class have their words taken at a premium. Such men are usually slow to speak. Their words are few. But when they promise, one rests assured that ordinarily they will do more than has been asked. The words of the men of the third class are always discounted. Twenty per cent off—often more—is the value that others give them. So it often happens that exactly the same words, spoken by three different men, have three different values.

It is rather curious that while most of us flatter ourselves that we cannot be fooled by the other fellow, few of us seem to realize that we cannot fool others. It does not take men very long to form a proper estimate of our real value. Everybody soon knows whether our words are to be placed at par, at a premium or at a discount. Therefore, let's quit trying to fool one another. It doesn't pay. It is a waste of time and of energy.

Note the speeches of the delegates in your central labor body. Listen to the addresses of the men in your local organization. Soon you will learn to know just whose words count for most. It will not be the man who speaks on every question. It will not be the fellow who is always cock-sure. It will not be he who always agrees with you. It will be the man who is quiet, thoughtful, conservative—not dull and stupid—but of unquestioned character. This is the type of man who is coming to the front in labor circles, and it prophesies better things for the workingman's cause.

DEMONSTRATE THEIR LOYALTY.

A group of ten union patternmakers who were brought to this city by the Government this week from points in the East to work at the local shipyards, where their services were sorely needed, gave a practical demonstration of their loyalty to the Government within an hour of their arrival in San Francisco. It happened in this way:

The men reported to the director of U. S. Employment Service. As they entered the Claus Spreckels building they were accosted by two girls selling war savings stamps.

"Sure, we'll buy," exclaimed the men, every one of whom dug down in his pockets and purchased sixteen war savings stamps each.

"Uncle Sam has been mighty good to us," they exclaimed. "He has furnished us steady employment at good wages. He has paid our fare here from the East and assured us permanent employment at union wages and conditions. While we are doing our best to help build ships for Uncle Sam with which to crush autocracy, we want to help all we can by letting Uncle Sam have the use of our money."

STAY AWAY.

Members of organized labor and their friends are urged not to attend the concert and dance to be given in Lower Scottish Rite Hall on the evening of Sunday, April 7, 1918. This affair is given by an expelled member of Musicians' Union, Local 6. This party acted as a strike-breaker in various cafes and restaurants during the culinary strike of 1916.



This is a workingman's store—selling Furniture that will stand hard wear—at the Lowest Prices—on most liberal Credit terms.

We Allow \$5.00

for old stoves in exchange for New Union-Made Buck Stoves.

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The wise man keeps part of his money in a reliable savings bank. If you are making money now why not put aside something for a rainy day?

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HAIGHT STREET BRANCH—S. W. Corner Haight and Belvedere Streets.

DECEMBER 31, 1917.

Assets	\$63,314,948.04
Deposits	60,079,197.54
Reserve and Contingent Funds	2,235,750.50
Employees' Pension Fund	272,914.25
Number of Depositors	63,907

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union's mail lists must come through
the secretary of each organization.
Members are notified that this is
obligatory.

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JAMES W. MULLEN.....Editor
Telephone Market 56
Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth St.

FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1918.

For thine own purpose, thou hast sent
The strife and the discouragement!
—Longfellow.

The California Fuel Administration is urging those who need coal to put in a supply during the months that railroad facilities will not be taxed moving crops. This policy is also urged in order to keep the miners at work during the dull season. Those who comply with the suggestion will be aiding in winning the war.

Next week the State Board of Education will meet in Sacramento and pass upon the books to be used in California schools during the coming year. A strong fight is to be made to induce the board to correct what is termed an injustice to California publishers by inducing recognition for books that are the products of this State. It is claimed these books are of superior merit, cheaper in cost and under the law ought to be used. In the past the State Board has ignored the California books.

If the carping critics of the Administration's conduct of war preparations would shut up and go to work they would be doing a real patriotic service for their country. At present they are the most dangerous barnacles impeding our progress and aiding the Kaiser in his battle for autocracy. No one will object to honest criticism, but some of our leading magazines are finding fault without any justification whatever. The actuating motive seems to be purely political in character. Let us have an end to this sort of disloyalty.

Charles L. Moore of the Southern Surety Company offers this suggestion as a means of increasing the sale of Thrift Stamps: "The people of San Francisco are perhaps better educated in the principles of trades unionism than in any other metropolitan area in the United States. It is a union labor principle that all workers unite for a common cause, and that each individual at all times be in good standing, as an evidence of which he is required to show his card on request. In like manner the whole body politic should organize itself into one great union for the purpose of winning the war, and as an evidence that each member is in good standing and doing his part, he should be required to show his union card upon request, in this case a Thrift Card with stamps attached. It is a principle that the great mass of people will readily grasp and thoroughly understand and one which the average normal individual will be glad to accept as a standard of conduct."

:: The Bolsheviki Lesson ::

To those who needed such a practical demonstration to convince them, the terrible price that unhappy Russia is paying for her short adherence to the policies of dreaming idealists ought to be of lasting value. The land that only a short year ago held out such hopes before the democratic people of the world is today rapidly becoming the vassal of German autocracy as a consequence of the idealism of non-resistance. If the developments of the past few months in Russia shall not have a disillusioning influence upon the followers of that cult in America then there is little hope for them this side of the grave.

These idealists, who boasted of their liberality in thought, became, when clothed with brief power, more tyrannical in deed than the old regime of the Czar had been. The constitutional assembly, elected by the votes of the people, was dispersed because those who believed in reasonable and practical action seemed to be in the majority in it, free expression of opinion was ruthlessly put down, newspapers which advocated sane policies were suppressed, the army with the exception of that small portion which was required for internal suppression, was disbanded and the great nation landed in anarchy and helplessness.

The dreamy theory that the proletariat of the world would protect the unarmed Russian people against their savage enemies induced the idealists to attempt to negotiate a separate peace with Germany. The negotiations convinced the men in power that the German war lords would listen to nothing that did not give the advantages they sought and the conferences were brought to an end, but the hope still prevailed in the minds of the deluded dreamers that the very helplessness of their country would act as a bar against invasion, and they decided to both refuse to sign peace terms and to fight. All the world now knows the result. Only the magnanimity of the Allies after the close of the war can save the Russian inhabitants from actual slavery.

The tragedy of Russia surely ought to be enough to convince the most stubborn idealist that governments are practical propositions founded upon material facts and that they can not live and prosper upon the iridescent dreams of fanatical Utopians.

The same catastrophe can be made of value to the American labor movement, for the same tactics that resulted in such a calamity to the Russian people have frequently been used by the radicals in the movement and the end has always been the same sorrowful disruption. No labor organization in their control has ever succeeded, and no union in the hands of such men can ever hope to get on well. Their doctrine is unsound and leads to unreasonableness in every mind it absorbs. Just now the radicals in Minneapolis, under the leadership of the Socialist Mayor of that city, are very happy. They have succeeded in splitting the Central Labor Council in twain by injecting all sorts of Socialist propaganda into the organization. Union after union has withdrawn from the central body because of the tactics of the band of dreamers who have gained control of it and a movement is now under way to organize a central body that will be loyal to the American Federation of Labor and the United States Government. Whenever the so-called radicals come into control of a labor organization its doom is sealed, because their reign is always followed by disaster. Many powerful organizations have been wrecked during the past few years by heeding the advice of these impossibilists, and doubtless many more will follow in their wake before trade unionists come to a realization of the danger of listening to the dreams of these haters of all mankind. The present day program of the Socialist party of this country is against humanity, not for it.

FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

The Chicago Federation of Labor has decided that every delegate must be able to show at least eight labels on his wearing apparel. This ought not to be a hard matter for a real trade unionist.

The principal business of every citizen of the United States at the present time should be the winning of the war. The winning of the war is of more importance than any other proposition to every individual who believes in democratic institutions and the man who is not willing to make sacrifices in the interest of his country now is not worthy to live in a country like ours. There are many persons who say they believe in democracy whose conduct proves they are only luke-warm in their assertions. The proof of your faith is to be found in your willingness to inconvenience yourself and make sacrifices to further the cause. Mere lip loyalty is too cheap to be of any value. The actual aid you give to the Government proclaims you a patriot or a slacker.

The fears of a labor shortage at the present time are groundless, said Charles E. Barnes, director of the bureau of employment of the New York State Industrial Commission in a speech. Not only is there no labor shortage, he said, but about two months ago in New York there was actually a condition amounting to enforced idleness for a good many men. Mr. Barnes asserted that as yet there was no need for the employment of women as conductors and subway guards. "As for the labor shortage itself, take New York State for example. There were 3,300,000 men registered here in the last census as being employed in gainful occupations. About 175,000 were taken in the draft. With that small per cent gone, is there any reason now for taking on women as conductors or guards? I am not against women going into industry—and the time may come when they will have to fill men's places here—but the situation requires careful study. We know why they were selected in many cases for the positions they hold on subway and surface traffic."

Acting on orders from the German Government, the officers and crews of the German ships interned in American waters inflicted such damage upon the machinery of the vessels as they deemed absolutely certain to keep the ships out of service for two years. By that time the Germans thought the war would be over. But American efficiency and American invention effected the necessary repairs in from six to eight months and at a cost of \$273,000; the Germans had figured the cost of repairs at \$2,600,000 and the necessary time 24 months. All of these ships, except one that has been sunk, are now bearing American commerce on the seas or transporting American soldiers to Europe. The Navy Department figures that the use of these ships between the time the ships were actually repaired and the time the Germans estimated will be worth \$240,000,000 to the Government at the present rate of tonnage. The Vaterland, one of these interned ships and the largest ship afloat, is now in the United States service renamed the Leviathan. Americans are able to operate this ship at a higher rate of speed than the Germans were able to do and do this with 200 tons of coal less a day. The Leviathan has one American captain in place of five German captains of the Vaterland, and one American chief engineer instead of a chief engineer and five assistants that German efficiency required.

WIT AT RANDOM

"What sort of a thing is this yere drink they call puss-caffy?"

"From the way people act that drink it, it must be something of a cat-astrophe."

Tom Callahan got a job on the section working for a railroad. The superintendent told him to go along the line looking for washouts.

"And don't be as long-winded in your next reports as you have been in the past," said the superintendent; "just report the condition of the roadbed as you find it, and don't use a lot of needless words that are not to the point. Write like a business letter, not like a love letter."

Tom proceeded on his tour of inspection and when he reached the river, he wrote his report to the superintendent:

"Sir: Where the railroad was, the river is."

Will the gentleman who appropriated fifteen jars of jam from our kitchen one rainy night last week be kind enough to invite us to his party? We like parties, and we also like jam, so be a good fellow, and come across with an invitation. —"The Gas Attack."

He—I am a poor man, you know.

She—When we are married I can learn to cook, dear.

He—Hadn't you better practice while your father is supplying the raw materials?—Boston "Transcript."

A canny Scot owned a wonderful badger it was reported no dog could tackle. However, a friend of his had a dog he proposed to back against the badger, and a match was in due course made for £100, to come off in two months' time.

As the time drew near there were rumors that all was not right with the dog, and the Scot's friends were making sure of victory for him.

Imagine their surprise and disgust when they heard that McTavish had accepted £50 as a compromise in lieu of the £100.

"You've been done, Mac," said one of them. "That dog is so mangy and unfit he could not kill a rat."

"Ah, ah!" said McTavish, "I dare say, but my badger is dead."—London "Globe."

Miss Mary Comerford has an ear for music, and also prides herself on her intuition and powers of perception. But she can be forgiven for the mistake she made the other day.

The telephone in the reception room of the Board of Supervisors tinkled. Miss Comerford answered.

"Could I speak with Supervisor Hayden?" inquired a male voice.

"I'll see if he's in," answered Miss Comerford. "Who is speaking, please?"

"Tell him Mr. McCormack would like to speak to him," was the answer.

Miss Comerford caught her breath and hastened into the clerk's room.

"Mr. Hayden, Mr. McCormack, the great tenor, is on the phone and wants to talk with you," she said.

"The singer?" inquired Hayden.

"Yes; I knew right away he was the singer when he told me his name. He had such a melodious voice."

Hayden went to the telephone.

"This is McCormack," said the voice.

"The tenor?" inquired Hayden.

"No, the undertaker," answered Pete McCormack.—"Civil Service News."

MISCELLANEOUS

DON'T MAKE IT HARD FOR THE BOYS.

By Ida L. Watson.

Don't make it hard for the boys, folks,
You wouldn't want them to shirk.
Send them letters of jolly good cheer, folks,
To help them along at their work.

They are fighting your battles and mine, folks,
The battles of all human kind.
We know that you're proud of their grit, folks;
Then show them that side of your mind.

Don't tell them the troubles at home, folks,
That are greater because you're alone.
Remember, the boys at the front, folks,
Have troubles enough of their own.

They don't need to know you are sad, folks,
Of the tears that you shed in the night,
But tell them they're doing you proud, folks,
And hold up their hands in the fight.

They know they're the light of your eyes, folks,
They dream of your grief in the night;
Then help them to know you are brave, folks,
In the letters from home that you write.

Write jolly letters of cheer, folks,
Don't mention the thing that annoys.
Write often and all of the news, folks,
And don't make it hard for the boys.

HISTORY, REPEATER.

John O'Keefe, in New York "World."

Out of a sky that mirrored flame,
Past all the spirit host,
To soothe the weary ruler came
A gaunt, gray, gangling ghost,
And down he slumped his gawky frame
At his old favorite post.
Still simple as a little child,
The ghost crossed leg on knee.
"Don't worry, son," Abe Lincoln smiled,
"They talked like that of me."

The breeze from out the Capitol
Blew words in scorning meant,
As "Such ineptness must appall!"
"Unwise!" "Incompetent!"
"Usurper!" "Weaker than a doll!"
"On our destruction bent!"
But, as there sped each poisoned shaft,
The ghost grinned cheerfully.
"Don't worry, son," Abe Lincoln laughed,
"They said much worse of me!"

Upon the desk the papers piled—
Pandora's evil pack;
The pacifist petition mild;
The savage, hot attack.
But still the ghost, gay as a child,
Slapped Wilson on the back.
"I see the breed is just the same,"
Abe Lincoln laughed in glee.
"Don't worry, son! It's just the game
They tried in vain on me."

WHY MATCHES COST MORE.

One reason for the increased cost of matches is shown in the annual report of the Diamond Match Company, which earned \$5,637,925 in 1917, an increase of \$1,641,228 over the preceding year. The management set aside \$1,103,098 to meet Federal war taxes, and made larger appropriations than in 1916 for depreciation. Another bite of the surplus was taken when \$749,999 was set aside for patents, good will, etc.

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Musicians' Union Local No. 6

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE FOR THE UNION

Clarence H. King and Albert A. Greenbaum.

Board Meeting, March 26, 1918.

President Weber, presiding.

Minutes of previous meeting approved as read.

New member: Edna S. Trumbull, piano.

Transfers deposited: Ray Hosmer, drums, No. 263, Bakersfield; J. P. Bareillis, cornet and piano, No. 610, Merced; Will H. Davis, violin, No. 76, Seattle; L. E. Carmichael, organ and piano, No. 153, San Jose; Eugene Miller, accordion, violin, piano, No. 76, Seattle; Carl Lorraine, drums, No. 76, Seattle.

Transfers withdrawn: A. N. McEwan.

Full member from transfer: Wm. A. Morris.

Resigned: C. Dragecevitich.

Last Call, March 30th.

Dues and assessments, first quarter, to the amount of \$2.25, are now due and payable to Clarence H. King, Financial Secretary-Treasurer.

More About the "New Mission."

Last week's "Clarion" made brief mention of the fact that on next Sunday, March 31st, a union orchestra would be installed in the "New Mission Theatre." The recognition of the fact that human music is far superior to any and all brands of "canned" music was slow in coming, but for some time past the management of this house has felt that it was not giving its patrons all that the payment of their admission fee entitled them to. For a long time, Mr. Louis Greenfield, the theatre's managing director, and Robert Abraham, the house manager, have realized that the quality of the music was anything but what it should be and this very lack has caused the house to suffer from a financial and artistic standpoint. There were prior contracts, however, which had been entered into in good faith by the contracting parties and which had to be lived up to. As soon as possible Mr. Greenfield took steps to secure union musicians to present the right kind of music to fit the high grade pictures that are shown at the "New Mission." Beyond question, the management has made a wise move and congratulations are due Messrs. Greenfield and Abraham. Now that the ice has been broken, it is believed that the "New Fillmore Theatre," which is under the same management, will soon fall into line.

Los Angeles Theatre Engagements.

This office has been advised by Los Angeles Local No. 47, that it will enforce strictly the laws of the A. F. of M. in regard to members of this or any other local accepting theatre engagements in that jurisdiction. The Federation law on the subject reads as follows: "Orchestras or members cannot accept a theatre season engagement in another jurisdiction, without the consent of the local in whose jurisdiction the theatre is situated. Any member violating this paragraph shall be subject to a fine not in excess of \$100.00." Members will pay strict attention to this as Local No. 47 is very much in earnest in this matter and will absolutely protect its rights.

Member Mourns Loss of Son.

Harry Anderson, well-known pianist of this organization and a member of the 28th C. A. Band, now stationed at Fort Scott, mourns the loss of his son, Harry S. Anderson, who passed

away on the afternoon of March 23d, at Letterman Hospital, Presidio. The young man, 21 years of age, was ill but a week and death was due to spinal meningitis. He was a member of Battery M, 62d Regiment, C. A. C. The funeral took place on Tuesday, March 26th, and the interment was in the National Cemetery, Presidio. The members of the 28th C. A. Band volunteered their services and played for the funeral. The sincere heartfelt sympathy of this organization goes out to Mr. Anderson in his hour of sorrow and bereavement.

Daylight Saving.

As is well known to our membership, the Government of these United States has passed a law which provides that on Sunday, March 31st, at 2 a. m., all our watches and clocks are to be set ahead one hour and on October 1st all watches and clocks are to be turned back one hour. A number of members having asked as to what effect this new law would have upon our business and if the union would take any action, the Board of Directors has ruled that this organization will go strictly with the law, and that if any employer wishes to start later, that, of course, is his own business, but that when the hour of 12 midnight arrives, it will be considered as that time and not as 11 o'clock. The union's time will be set forward one hour on March 31st and that will be our official time.

Another Politician.

You simply can't keep our members out of politics. The latest to fall is "Charlie" Albert, well-known pianist and arranger. "Charlie" has been for some time a resident of Larkspur, Marin County, and is a candidate for town trustee, the election for which takes place on April 8th. He tells us that his prospects are exceedingly bright and we hope he has the right "dope." Unfortunately there is no salary attached to the office.

Pritchard Enlists.

Oswald C. Pritchard, well-known cabaret pianist, has heard the call of duty and has enlisted in the Canadian Engineers. Mr. Pritchard will, within a few days, be on his way to Canada and from the trend of things at the present phase of the great struggle, will soon be on his way "over there." He goes with the best wishes of a host of friends who hope that it will not be long before he will be back to the old haunts, sound and strong.

Less and Spiller Convalescing.

It will be welcome news to the membership to learn that Francis Spiller left the St. Francis Hospital on Tuesday last and is now home. He will be as well as ever in a short time and from all accounts will be able to walk without any difficulty. Sergeant-at-Arms Less is still confined to his bed in the hospital but is improving daily and expects to be out shortly. He hopes that the boys will continue to call as they have in the past as he likes to have company.

Pianists For Saturday Night.

The janitor, A. Peter, says that he very often receives last minute calls for piano players on Saturday nights and is compelled to ring up ten or fifteen pianists before he is able to secure one.

Musicians' Union—68 Haight Street.

W. A. Weber.....President
J. J. Atkins.....Business Representative
A. A. Greenbaum.....Recording Secretary
Clarence H. King.....Financial Secretary-Treasurer
Office Hours 12 to 3 p. m. Telephone Park 84
A. S. Less.....Sergeant-at-Arms
General Assembly Hall. Telephone Park 85
Park 128. 11 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Oakland Branch.

J. H. Cray.....Secretary and Business Representative
Office Hours 12 to 2 p. m. Phone Oakland 2547

THE MUSICIANS' UNION LOCAL 6 ROLL OF HONOR AND SERVICE FLAG OF 72 MEMBERS

A. ANDERSON, JR.	SELIG MEYER
H. F. ANDERSON	ELMER MILBRATH
F. P. ANTHERS	W. E. MIRE
C. E. ARRIOLA	ALFRED MOSCONI
EARL BARKER	E. MOULTROP
W. A. BECKER	RALPH MURRAY
D. H. BROOKS	E. MUSSO
PERCY A. BROWN	ED. NEWMARK
ALEX. BURNS	GEORGE A. NELSON
G. C. COLONEUS	E. A. OLMSTEAD
F. L. COOPER	VIGO OLSSEN
HAROLD DAVIS	H. C. PAYSON
CHARLES D. DOWSKI	JOHN PELGEN
GEORGE ECKHARDT, JR.	L. PERKINS
L. L. EDGAR	J. PERLUSS
RALPH ELIASER	W. PERSON
VERNON FERRY	OSWALD PRITCHARD
MAX FIRESTONE	C. RATTI
FRANK FRAGALE	H. V. RENO
GEORGE L. FREDERICK	A. F. RIESE
A. J. GIACOMINI	E. RUSSELL
E. GULDE	M. SALVATORE
R. HEROLD	S. SAVANT
F. J. HOUSELEY	VINCENT SCHIPILLITTI
R. J. HAYES	JOHN SCHIPILLITTI
BYRON C. INDIG	J. P. SEARCH
A. G. IANNUZZIELLO	J. H. SELTENRICH
CLARENCE JOHANSEN	JEROME A. SIMON
WENTEL KOCH	GEORGE W. SOUTHAL
W. H. LEE	L. E. SPADINA
C. A. LENZEN	F. H. STEELE
J. LEVINGSTONE	O. J. TREVILLIAN
A. MANCINI	JOS. WEISS
JOE F. MARONEY	H. A. WILLIAMS
J. P. MCCARTHY	GEORGE B. WILD
M. L. MERKI	S. T. WOOLEY

It is his idea that any pianist who is at liberty for any Saturday night, should leave word to that effect in the office and it would be easy for him to secure a man and it would be to the very obvious advantage of all concerned. A. A. G.

The regular meeting of Alameda County Branch of Local No. 6 will take place in Oakland headquarters, Blake Building, Thursday, March 4th, at 1:30 p. m. Important business will come up at this meeting. Please attend.

J. H. CRAY, Secretary.

Report Your Engagements Promptly.

Members are requested to report casual engagements promptly to the San Francisco and Oakland business agents, as much time and work can be saved in checking up these engagements against the hall. Failure to report engagement will subject members to a fine of \$5.00 for each offense.

Members, please take notice of the following changes of address:

Arriola, E., 445 Eleventh Ave. Tel. Pacific 5917.
Barton, M., Federal Hotel, 1087 Market St. Tel. Market 8026.

Bayliss, Edgar, Franklin Theatre, Oakland.
Benkman, H., 507 Windeler Apts., 424 Ellis St.
Douglas, S. A., 671 Fifth Ave. Tel. Pacific 1396.
Downing, F. P., Majestic Theatre, Reno, Nev.
Egizi, Umberto, 2024 Jones St. Tel. Franklin 7370.

Elliott, Ralph, 457 Haight St.
Federici, Paris, 246 Lake St., Reno, Nev.
Gossett, Earl, Glenwood Apts., 416 Turk St. Tel. Prospect 5611.

Halcom, Miss Doris, Tonopah, Nev.
Hassler, John V., Hotel Ray, Oakland. Tel. Oakland 2224.

Holman, Viola, Atherstone Apts. Tel. Franklin 6393.

Howard, Frances, Wabaska, Nev., Box 3.
 Jackson, J. E., 1087 Market St.
 Ketels, Martin. Tel. Fruitvale 2953-J.
 Kleir, Robt., 322 Twenty-second Ave. Tel. Pacific 6710.
 Jackson, C. W., Gartland Hotel, 909 Geary St. Tel. Prospect 3860.
 Kreyer, J. F. W., 162 Twentieth Ave.
 Libera, Fred, New Luning Hotel, Luning, Nev.
 Maurer, C. C., Orpheum Theatre, Oakland.
 Meyers, G. Cleve, Hotel Glen, Turk and Market Sts. Tel. Franklin 175.
 O'Day, Wendel, Clemmer Theatre, Spokane, Wash.
 Reynolds, Loring, Arcadia Apts., Hyde and O'Farrell. Tel. Franklin 2051.
 Steffen, A. C., 1285 Twenty-eighth Ave. Tel. Sunset 3365 and Kearny 3039.
 Simpson, J. B., Argonaut Hotel.

New Members.

Trumbull, Edna S., 1640 Le Roy Ave., Berkeley. Tel. Berkeley 8971.
 Lorraine, Carl, Bryar Apts.
 Miller, Eugene, 1105 Castro St. Tel. Mission 4833.
 Carmichael, L. E., Keystone Hotel.
 Davis, Will H., Gough Apts., 735 Ellis St. Tel. Franklin 4885.
 Bareillis, J. P., 3662 Nineteenth St. Tel. Park 6430.
 Hosmer, Ray, 68 Haight St.

Notes.

Ed. Harris, banjoist of the Winter Garden Ice Rink has been confined to the hospital, having undergone an operation. He is now well on the road to recovery.

Fred Hoff and his jazz orchestra reports big business with the Kolb & Dill Company. They are now playing Tacoma, Wash.

Jerry Kenny sends regards to all the boys. He is now playing Brooklyn, N. Y., with the So Long, Letty, Company.

Selig Meyer and Harold Davis, drummers, have just joined the U. S. Army. We now have a total of 72 members in the service of Uncle Sam.

PATTERNMAKERS ELECT OFFICERS.

The newly-elected officers of the Patternmakers' Union are: President, H. Cousins; vice-president, J. Paterson; recording secretary, T. Stoffer; business manager, W. Kleinhammer; guide, W. Spofford; executive committee, J. Laird, G. Gillis, F. Dyer, H. Sattler, T. Cronin; trustee, G. Mitchell; finance committee, H. Cousins, J. Laird, J. Paterson, D. Deasey, H. Sattler; delegates to Labor Council, W. Kleinhammer, F. Miller, F. Dyer; delegates to Iron Trades Council, F. Miller, F. Dyer, T. Cronin, C. Gillis, H. Cousins.

MILK DRIVERS PROTEST.

To protest against the ruling of the Federal Milk Commission that only two dealers would be allowed to deliver milk in any one section of the city, the executive board of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union and many small dealers in milk met this week with the law and legislative committee of the San Francisco Labor Council.

The protestants argued that if the ruling of the Commission is put into effect it will result in driving most of the small milk dealers out of

business and give two or three large firms a complete monopoly of the milk business in San Francisco.

Representatives of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union claimed that the ruling of the Commission would result in throwing at least ten per cent of the milk wagon drivers out of employment.

That the proposed scheme of the Federal Milk Commission would not reduce the price of milk to the consumer, was the contention of all protestants.

Fleischmann's Yeast

ALWAYS DEPENDABLE
 For Sale at All Grocers

Union Made Hats

Kelly

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\$4

\$5

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All Watch Repairing Guaranteed for Two Years

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 the world of the workers you must read it.

San Francisco Labor Council

Synopsis of Minutes of the Regular Meeting Held March 22, 1918.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m. by President Haggerty.

Reading Minutes—Minutes of the previous meeting approved as printed.

Applications for Affiliation—From Water Workers and Composition Roofers, were, on motion, referred to the Organizing Committee.

Communications—Filed—From the Department of Labor, U. S. Working Boys' Reserve, acknowledging receipt of resolutions regarding the work of boys on farms. From the Secretary to the Mayor, acknowledging receipt of resolutions pertaining to the Tom Mooney case. From the Secretary to the Governor, acknowledging receipt of letter of March 8th.

Referred to Executive Committee—From the Auto-Carriage Painters, request for a boycott on the firm of Gorman & Bennett. From the Grocery Clerks' Union, requesting assistance in unionizing the Groceries Department at Pragers' store. From the American Federation of Labor, with reference to organizing policemen. Wage scale of the Warehousemen and Cereal Workers.

Referred to the Special Committee on the Bomb Cases—From the Central Labor Council of Alameda County, requesting Council to call a general demonstration to save the life of Tom Mooney.

Resolutions—From the Riggers' and Stevedores' Union, petitioning the Waterfront Employers' Association to grant said union an eight-hour day and requesting Council to indorse said petition. Moved that the resolutions be indorsed; carried.

Communication—From the American Federation of Labor, reaffirming its decision with reference to the controversy between the Grocery Clerks and Retail Delivery Drivers, and further directing the Council that in the event that the Grocery Clerks fail to conform to the decision that said local be suspended until such time as the decision is complied with. Moved that a copy of this communication be forwarded to both locals; carried.

Reports of Unions—Milk Wagon Drivers—Are protesting move to disarrange present working conditions.

Label Section—Minutes ordered printed in the "Labor Clarion."

Executive Committee—Recommended indorsement of the wage scale and agreement of Asphalt Workers' Union, subject to the indorsement of its International Union, and usual provisions. Recommended indorsement of the wage scale and agreement of Cracker Packers' Union, subject to the indorsement of its International Union and the usual provisions. The Cemetery Workers' agreement was considered and the secretary instructed to assist in the negotiating of the same. Report of Committee concurred in.

Organizing Committee—Reported favorably on the applications for affiliation from the Water Workers and the Composition Roofers, and recommended their delegates be seated; concurred in. Moved to empower the Organizing Committee to send for a charter for Hospital Attendants; carried.

Law and Legislative Committee—Recommended that the Council indorse resolutions No. 165, adopted by the Buffalo Convention of the American Federation of Labor, which provides "that it will constitute a breach of good behavior for a member of the Federal judiciary to attempt to pass upon the constitutionality of an act of Congress, the one making the attempt thereby automatically vacating his office, authority being given the President to make an appointment of a successor to fill such vacancy"; concurred in.

Resolutions on same subject, of Tacoma Labor Council, taken under advisement.

Auditing Committee—Reported favorably on all bills, and warrants were ordered drawn for same.

Unfinished Business—Moved to reconsider the vote taken last Friday evening on the seating of Brother Brouillet as delegate from the Shoe Clerks' Union. Vote taken by roll call; motion carried by 118 in favor and 82 against. Moved to lay the matter over until further information be received from Shoe Clerks' International Association. Amendment, that the credentials be received and the delegates seated. On point of order, the chair ruled that the motion took precedence over the amendment in order of voting. The motion was lost by a vote of 93 in favor and 99 against. The amendment carried by a vote of 107 in favor and 83 against. The previous question was put and carried on all of the preceding motions. Brothers Brouillet, O'Brien and Cantrowith of Shoe Clerks' Union were then seated as delegates. Moved to proceed with the regular order of business; carried.

New Business—Will C. Wood, director of secondary education of the State Board of Education, was, on motion, invited to address the Council next Friday evening.

Capt. Ryan of the Salvation Army addressed the Council on war work of his organization at the battle fronts in France.

Receipts—\$483.75. **Expenses**—\$186.75.

Adjourned at 11:30 p. m.

Fraternally submitted,

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

P. S.—Members of affiliated unions are urged to demand the union label on all purchases.

LABEL SECTION.

Synopsis of Minutes of Regular Meeting Held Wednesday, March 20, 1918.

Meeting called to order at 8:20 P. M., by President Fitzgerald, with all officers present but I. Torrence, J. Grace and T. J. Mahoney. Excused, G. G. Kidwell and M. E. Kirby.

Minutes of previous meeting approved as read.

Credentials—From Bakery Wagon Drivers, for M. Michaelson vice H. J. White; Tailors No. 80, for J. Ludwick. Theo. Lindquist from Bakery Workers No. 24 was seated, pending the receipt of his credentials.

Communications—From Secretary Manning of the Union Label Trades Department, acknowledging the letter containing literature of this Section's activity for the past year. Filed. From International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, giving further information on union label paper, also sending sample of paper suitable for second sheets for carbon copies. Referred to Label Agent. From A. R. Hopkins, asking that a written endorsement be sent to Governor Stephens or to himself. Secretary instructed to answer. Filed.

Reports—Agitation Committee's recommendation that the Label Section request the third six months per capita tax was concurred in, and that a letter be issued stating the progress made since the per capita tax was requested. The committee recommendation that the bill board next to the Labor Temple be put in good order and that a weekly bulletin be displayed thereon with the label, card or button of unions that desire to do so be painted around the bulletin space; concurred in.

Label Agent—Reported visiting Zellerbach Paper Co. in regard to carrying union label paper in stock and was informed that if we could furnish facts and figures as to the quantity wanted and the demand was large enough, they would handle it. Visited Peet Bros.' soap manufactory in regard to induce them to handle union made barrels. This firm was favorably inclined. Visited the Standard Glove Works. This firm does not use the union label. Visited the National Ice Cream Co. relative to non-union printing

Orpheum

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MATINEE EVERY DAY

Week Beginning THIS SUNDAY Afternoon

BLOSSOM SEELEY, assisted by Fields, Salisbury, Davis, Lopez and Thorpe, in Seeley's Syncopated Studio; "IN THE DARK," a Mystery Melodramatic Novelty; VARDON & PERRY, Musical, Singing and Dance Revue; "COLOR GEMS," a Study in Color, Light and Form; LUCILLE and COCKIE, The Human Bird; BERT KALMAR & JESSIE BROWN in "Nurseryland"; MARION HARRIS, Syncopation's Scintillating Star; FRADKIN, World-Renowned Violinist, assisted by MISS JEAN TELL, Soprano, in New Numbers.

Evening Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.

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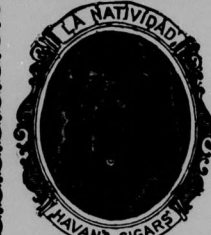
San Francisco

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Your Next Hat Sir!

BE SURE IT'S A
BERTILLION
They're Union Made

Bertillion Leading Hatter
745 MARKET STREET

Bet. 3d and 4th Streets, opposite Grant Avenue

done for this firm. To Bare Bros. for the same purpose; results unfavorable. Label Agent to take matter up with Secretary Barbrack of the Allied Printing Trades Council. On the Street Railway Employees who desire to have their uniforms made by one firm, visited S. N. Wood; were not favorable; Sam Berger, favorable; will report further next meeting. Some credit house in the Mission looking for the work, but does carry the union label. Reports that there is very little sale for the Cinco cigar which is made by the Eisenlehr Bros. Inc., who are unfair to the Cigar Makers. Reports that for the sign next to the Labor Temple the Garment Workers, Cigar Makers and Glove Workers desire space; other unions desiring space please notify the Section.

Ball committee reports that to date \$187.75 is the net gain.

Reports of Unions—Office Employees report that Eagleson & Co. now employ union office help. Bill Posters report that the Haight St. Theatre does not employ their men; that the Theatrical Federation will act and requests this Label Section to send a letter. Tailors No. 80 report that a number of merchant tailors are not using the union label; requests trades unionists to demand the same when buying clothes. Delegates from Bill Posters stated that the soldiers at the Presidio were complaining of the clothing made by Levi Strauss Co. This firm is non-union; referred to Label Agent.

New Business—Motion made and carried that the Label Agent be placed on full time again on the first of April.

Good and Welfare—Under this head the Bakers' union label was discussed, with the result that the Label Section will co-operate with the Bakers' Union whenever the union is prepared to place the label on the bread and before the public.

Receipts—Dues, \$35.00; assessments, \$52.85. **Bills**—E. G. Buehrer, incidentals, \$2.50; special fund, \$31.25.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned at 9:50 p. m., to meet Wednesday, April 3, 1918.

Demand the Label, Card and Button.

Fraternally submitted,

W. G. DESEPTE, Secretary.

TELEGRAPHS GOVERNOR.

President Gompers has just sent the following telegram to Governor Stephens: "With all the facts of the mistrial in the case of Tom Mooney before you, much of which I have had before me, and inasmuch as the entire situation is in your hands to dispose of as your judgment directs in the cause of justice, fair dealing and mercy, I appeal to you in the name of the American Federation of Labor to exercise the great power which is vested solely in you. The highest court in California declared that it could not go outside of the record in the case, when almost incontrovertible evidence has been discovered since the trial that conviction was had largely upon manufactured and perjured evidence. If the courts cannot or do not take cognizance of these facts, certainly you, as Governor of the great State of California, have the right, the jurisdiction and the power, and I trust you will exercise it." "SAMUEL GOMPERS."

BOILER MEN MAKE RECORD.

Boilermakers in Altoona, Pa., have organized the first local of their craft on the Pennsylvania railroad east of Pittsburg. The union will be known as "William G. McAdoo Lodge," in honor of the director general of railroads, who has notified railroad managers, in general order No. 8, that there must be no discrimination against unions.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.

WHEN COMPETITION IS FAIR.

By the Rev. Charles Stelzle.

Never had a fair show? Some fellow in the shop always working against you? The foreman has it in for you? Too bad. But here—maybe they are more than half right. Possibly you've deserved all that came to you. Honestly—have you always given the other fellow a square deal? Perhaps so—but here's a suggestion for you: quit coddling yourself—it never helped a man to think that he was being terribly abused, whether he was right or wrong.

You are quite welcome to all the notions that you can carry concerning social and economic reform—I'll not quarrel with you about these. You may talk about them and think about them all that you please. But won't you remember this: no matter what the coming social system may be, it will be the personal equation that will determine the place that you are to occupy in the new dispensation. There will be pretty nearly the same struggle for places of power and influence, although the motive may be different. It's important then, isn't it, to get ready for whatever may be coming down the pike in the new order of things.

First of all, fit yourself, personally, to think clearly and definitely by cutting out every habit that befuddles your brain. Then equip yourself, by hard study, even though it involves great sacrifice, to master your own job in all of its details, doing it better than it has ever been done before. For it's the chap who crowds over his present job that is most likely to pick the bigger one. This sort of thing will count so long as the world shall last. It is the kind of competition that will never be driven out by any social system. It is fundamental in the law of human progress. If any man tells you that there's no need to enlarge your outlook, that there's no necessity to become more proficient in your daily work, he's either a fool or a liar; in any case, he's a mighty unsafe leader.

MUST OBEY THE LAW.

The American Federation of Labor, through President Samuel Gompers, has advised the San Francisco Labor Council that the Retail Grocery Clerks' Union must at once conform to the decision of the American Federation of Labor in the jurisdictional dispute between the Retail Grocery Clerks' Union and the Retail Delivery Wagon Drivers' Union, and that in the event the union fails to obey the law the Labor Council must immediately unseat the delegates from the Retail Grocery Clerks' Union. President Gompers requested that he be advised as to the action of the union in this matter.

W. G. Desepte, representing the Retail Grocery Clerks' Union, says that his organization has reached a satisfactory understanding with the Retail Delivery Wagon Drivers' Union.

NURSES ORGANIZE.

Through the efforts of the organizing committee of the San Francisco Labor Council, the stewards and nurses employed at the San Francisco Hospital have organized and applied to the American Federation of Labor for a charter, the application for the charter being indorsed by the San Francisco Labor Council at its last meeting. It is the intention of the new union to at once affiliate with the Labor Council and the California State Federation of Labor, and to endeavor to organize similar unions throughout the State of California.

GET WAGE INCREASE.

Members of the Ladies' Tailors' Union employed by the Hoffman Suit and Cloak Company of this city have received a ten per cent increase in wages and greatly improved working conditions.

3 BIG STORES

Hats Trimmed Free

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971 Market Street

2 Doors From Strand Theatre

2584-90 Mission St.
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First in Quality

First in Style

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606 Kearny

2440 Mission

26 Third

Factory, 1114 Mission



Conservation in Cooking

All good housewives use GAS whenever this commodity is available, but—

Do they use it properly, with a view to saving in gas consumption as well as avoiding waste of food in preparation?

Modern conditions call for modern methods. It is for the purpose of instruction in the proper use of GAS stoves and ranges that such demonstrations as that NOW IN PROGRESS in the ASSEMBLY HALL OF THE EMPORIUM ARE GIVEN.

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If you are not already supplied, consult your dealer without delay,

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Allied Printing Trades Council

Room 302, Labor Temple,
Sixteenth and Capp Streets,
FERDINAND BARBRACK, Secretary.
Telephone Park 7797.



LIST OF UNION LABEL OFFICES.

- *Linotype Machines.
- †Intertype Machines.
- *†Linotype and Intertype.
- †Monotype Machines.
- ‡Simplex Machines.

- (126) Ashbury Heights Advance.....1672 Haight
(7) *Barry, Jas. H. Co.....1122-1124 Mission
(82) Baumann Printing Co.....268 Market
(73) *Belcher & Phillips.....515 Howard
(14) Ben Franklin Press.....140 Second
(72) †Bonnington, Frank J.....22 Crossley Bldg.
(196) Borgel & Downie.....370 Second
(69) Brower & Co., Marcus.....346 Sansome
(3) *Brunt, Walter N.....880 Mission
(4) Buckley & Curtin.....739 Market
(220) Calendar Printing Co.....112 Hyde
(176) *California Press.....340 Sansome
(71) Canessa Printing Co.....708 Montgomery
(87) Chase & Rae.....1185 Church
(39) *Collins, C. J.....3358 Twenty-second
(42) Cottle Printing Co.....3262 Twenty-second
(179) *Donaldson Publishing Co.....568 Clay
(18) Eagle Printing Company.....59 McAllister
(46) Eastman & Co.....220 Kearny
(54) Elite Printing Co.....3459 Eighteenth
(62) Eureka Press, Inc.....440 Sansome
(146) Excelsior Press.....238 Eighth
(101) Francis-Valentine Co.....777 Mission
(203) *Franklin Linotype Co.....509 Sansome
(75) Gille Co.....818 Mission
(17) Golden State Printing Co.....42 Second
(190) Griffith, E. B.....545 Valencia
(5) Guedet Printing Co.....344 Kearny
(27) Hall-Kohnke Co.....565 Mission
(127) *Halle, R. H.....261 Bush
(20) Hancock Bros.....47-49 Jessie
(158) Hansen Printing Co.....259 Natoma
(60) *Hinton, W. M.....641 Stevenson
(216) Hughes Press.....2040 Polk
(150) *International Printing Co.....330 Jackson
(168) †Lanson & Lauray.....534 Jackson
(227) Lasky, I.....1203 Fillmore
(108) Levison Printing Co.....1540 California
(84) Liberty Press.....25 Fremont
(45) Liss, H. C.....2305 Mariposa
(135) Lynch, J. C.....3390 Eighteenth
(28) †Majestic Press.....315 Hayes
(37) Marshall, J. C.....485 Pine
(95) *Martin Linotype Co.....215 Leidesdorff
(68) Mitchell & Goodman.....363 Clay
(206) †Moir Printing Company.....440 Sansome
(48) Monarch Printing Co.....1216 Mission
(24) Morris & Sheridan Co.....343 Front
(80) McLean, A. A.....218 Ellis
(91) McNicoll, John R.....215 Leidesdorff
(208) *Neubarth & Co., J. J.....25 Jessie
(32) *Norton, R. H.....5716 Geary
(104) Owl Printing Co.....565 Commercial
(81) *Pernau Publishing Co.....753 Market
(88) *†Polyglot Printing Co.....118 Columbus Ave.
(143) †Progress Printing Co.....516 Mission
(34) Reuter Bros.....513 Valencia
(64) Richmond Banner, The.....320 Sixth Ave.
(61) *Rincon Pub. Co.....643 Stevenson
(26) Roesch Co., Louis.....Fifteenth and Mission
(66) Roycroft Press.....461 Bush
(83) Samuel Printing Co.....16 Larkin
(145) †S. F. Newspaper Union.....818 Mission
(58) Severance-Roche Co.....1733 Mission
(6) Shannon-Conmy Printing Co.....509 Sansome
(15) Simplex System Co.....136 Pine
(125) *Shanley Co., The.....147-151 Minna
(29) Standard Printing Co.....324 Clay
(63) *Telegraph Press.....69 Turk
(49) Stockwitz Printing Co.....1212 Turk
(187) *Town Talk Press.....88 First
(52) Turner & Dahnen.....942 Market
(177) United Presbyterian Press.....1074 Guerrero
(158) Wagner Printing Co.....26 Mint Ave.
(35) Wale Printing Co.....883 Market
(36) West End Press.....2436 California
(43) Western Printing Co.....82 Second
(51) Widup, Ernest F.....1133 Mission
(106) Wilcox & Co.....320 First
(44) *Williams Printing Co.....350 Sansome
(76) Wobbers, Inc.....774 Market
(112) Wolff, Louis A.....64 Elgin Park
(38) *West Coast Publishing Co.....30 Sharon

BOOKBINDERS AND PAPER RULERS.

- (128) Barry, Edward & Co.....215 Leidesdorff
(191) Caldwell, Geo. P. & Co.....442 Sansome
(224) Foster & Futernick Company.....560 Mission
(225) Hogan Bindery Co.....343 Front
(231) Houle, A. L. Bindery Co.....509 Sansome
(221) Ingrisich, Louis L.....340 Sansome
(108) Levison Printing Co.....1540 California
(131) Malloye, Frank & Co.....251-253 Bush
(130) McIntyre, John B.....440 Sansome
(81) Pernau Publishing Co.....751 Market
(223) Rotermundt, Hugo L.....45 Ecker
(200) Slater, John A.....147-151 Minna
(195) Stumm, E. C.....675 Stevenson
(168) Thumler & Rutherford.....117 Grant Ave.

CARTON AND LABEL MANUFACTURERS.

- (161) Occidental Supply Co.....580 Howard

GOLD STAMPERS AND EMBOSSEERS.

- (3) Brunt, Walter N.....880 Mission

LITHOGRAPHERS.

- (234) Galloway Lithographing Co., Inc., The....509-515 Howard
(26) Roesch Co., Louis.....Fifteenth and Mission

MAILERS.

- (219) Rightway Mailing Agency.....880 Mission

NEWSPAPERS.

- (126) Ashbury Heights Advance.....1672 Haight
(139) *Bien, S. F. Danish-Norwegian.....340 Sansome
(121) *†California Democrat.....Cor. Annie and Jessie
(123) *†L'Italia Daily News.....118 Columbus Ave.
(41) Coast Seamen's Journal.....59 Clay
(25) *Daily News.....340 Ninth
(94) *Journal of Commerce.....Cor. Annie and Jessie
(21) Labor Clarion.....16th and Capp
(141) *La Voce del Popolo.....641 Stevenson
(57) *Leader, The.....643 Stevenson
(39) *Mission Enterprise.....3358 Twenty-second
(144) Organized Labor.....1122 Mission
(156) Pacific Coast Merchant.....423 Sacramento
(61) *Recorder, The.....643 Stevenson
(32) *Richmond Record, The.....5716 Geary
(7) *Star, The.....1122-1124 Mission
(38) *Vestkusten, Swedish.....30 Sharon

PRESSWORK.

- (134) Independent Press Room.....348A Sansome
(103) Lyons, J. F.....330 Jackson
(122) Periodical Press Room.....509 Sansome

RUBBER STAMPS.

- (83) Samuel Printing Co.....16 Larkin

BADGES AND BUTTONS.

- (3) Brunt, Walter N.....880 Mission

TICKET PRINTERS.

- (20) Hancock Bros.....47-49 Jessie

PHOTO-ENGRAVERS.

- (197) Acme Photo-Engraving Co.....259 Minna
(201) Bingley, Photo-Engraving Co.....573 Mission
(97) Commercial Art Eng. Co.....53 Third
(204) Commercial Photo & Engraving Co.....563 Clay
(202) Congdon, Harry R.....311 Battery
(198) S. F. Photo-Engraving Co.....215 Leidesdorff
(209) Salter Bros.....118 Columbus Ave.
(199) Sierra Art and Engraving.....343 Front
(207) Western Process Engraving Co.....76 Second

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS.

- (212) Hoffscheider Bros.....140 Second

We Don't Patronize List.

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize" list of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of labor unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

- American Tobacco Company.
Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co., boots and shoes.
Gunst, M. A., cigar stores.
Jellison's Cafe, 10 Third.
Kaiser, Fred, grocery store, 400 Clement.
Levi Strauss & Co., garment makers.
Liberty Theatre, Broadway and Stockton.
National Biscuit Co. of Chicago, products.
Pacific Box Factory.
Pacific Oil & Lead Works, 155 Townsend.
Pittsburg-Des Moines Steel Company.
Regent Theatre, Fillmore and Sacramento.
Rosenblum & Abrahams, tailors, 1105 Market
Schmidt Lithograph Co.
St. Francis Theatre, Geary, near Powell.
United Cigar Stores.
Washington Square Theatre, 1741 Powell.
White Lunch Cafeteria.
H. Wissmann, Twenty-fourth avenue and
Clement street, grocer.
Wyatt & Son, 1256 McAllister.

Typographical Topics

J. B. McDonnell, who suffered a stroke of paralysis on March 6th, died at his home in Alameda on the morning of March 25th. His death marks the passing of another well-known figure in the life of the printing industry in this city. His last active work at the trade was in the plant of the Sunset Publishing Company, from which he retired more than two years ago. His last days were spent in the quiet of his home at Alameda. Funeral services were held on Wednesday morning, March 27th, from St. Joseph's Church, Alameda. Interment was private. Mr. McDonnell was a native of Boston, Mass., being 70 years of age at time of death. A widow, Mrs. Elizabeth A. McDonnell, one son and two daughters survive.

Mrs. Catherine King, mother of James D. Laing, a well-known member of No. 21, at present employed in the proofroom of the "Chronicle," died at her home in this city on Wednesday, March 20th, aged 79 years. Mrs. King came to California in the early days of the pioneers in this State and the family was well known in Colusa and Sacramento, as well as in Carson City, Nev., although the family home had been in this city for many years. Funeral services were held Friday, the 22d inst., and incineration was at Mt. Olivet.

John E. Patterson of the "Bulletin" chapel signed on as ship's printer with the Australian liner "Ventura" and sailed early this week for Sydney. He fills the place made vacant by the retirement of Frank Spiegel. The latter says that Patterson won't know very much more about the printing business after this trip but that he will return with a whole lot of knowledge about some other things.

Henry Van Horn, who came to San Francisco last September, after stopping in Denver and Salt Lake, on his way from some Eastern point, has disappeared. Van Horn had worked in the "Chronicle" proofroom, but pulled his slip a few weeks ago. A letter directed to Secretary Michelson, postmarked March 19, 1918, says in part: "When you read these lines I shall have passed into the great beyond. * * * I am going to the mountains for a day or two to prepare to meet my creator." Van Horn also gave instructions as to the disposition to be made of his belongings. A visit to his lodgings and examination of his clothing, papers, etc., seemed to lend color to the statements made in his letter. The police were notified, but at this writing, a week since, no trace has been found of his movements since giving notice of his intentions.

The last issue of the "Inland Printer" contains a synopsis of a court decision that will prove exceedingly interesting to members of the photo-engraving industry and will also attract the attention of many members of other branches of the printing trades who follow the trend of the times. Judge Mulqueen of New York, in dismissing the indictments that have been hanging over the heads of the members of the Photo-Engravers Board of Trade for more than a year, charged with violating the anti-trust law by adopting a scale of prices for their product, showed that the anti-trust law is "against combinations to create a monopoly in commodities which constitute the necessities of life, or any article or commodity in common use." He furthermore pointed out that "photo-engraving is always made upon special order. It is useful only for the individual for whom it is designed, and is useless and worthless to the public at large. A photo-engraving is unmerchantable and unsalable in the market." Therefore it is not a commodity in common use. As to the question of the agreement between the employers and

Directory of Labor Council Unions

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, San Francisco Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets at headquarters every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Organizing Committee meets at headquarters on second Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Law and Legislation Committee meets at call of chairman. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone—Market 56.

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays, 49 Clay.
Asphalt Workers—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 1—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 2—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 3—Meet alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 5—Meet alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Auto Bus Operators' Union—Meets every Thursday, 9 p. m., 24 East. R. H. Buck, Business Agent.
Automobile and Carriage Painters No. 1072—Meet Thursday evenings, Building Trades Temple.
Baggage Messengers—Meet 2d Mondays, 146 Steuart.
Bakers (Cracker) No. 125—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Bakers' Auxiliary (Cracker)—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1524 Powell.
Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Bakers No. 134—Victor Jallen, secretary, 2803 Geary.
Bakery Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Barbers—Meet first and 3d Mondays, 112 Valencia.
Bartenders No. 41—Meet 1st Mondays at 2:30; other Mondays in evening at 1065 Market.
Bay and River Steamboatmen—Meet Sundays, headquarters, 10 East. Henry Huntsman, Secretary.
Beer Drivers No. 227—Meet 2d Tuesdays and 4th Thursdays, headquarters, 177 Capp.
Beer Bottlers No. 293—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, at headquarters, 177 Capp.
Bill Posters—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Fifteenth and Mission.
Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 168—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Boller Makers No. 6—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Book Binders No. 31—Meet last Fridays, Labor Temple, James D. Kelly, Business Agent, Underwood Building, 525 Market.
Boot and Shoe Workers No. 216—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Shoe Workers' Hall, Twenty-fourth and Howard.
Bottle Caners—Meet 1st Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 177 Capp.
Brass and Chandelier Workers No. 158—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays at headquarters, 177 Capp.
Bridge and Structural Iron Workers No. 31—Meet Mondays, 224 Guerrero.
Broom Makers—Meet 3d Tuesday.
Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Butchers No. 508 (Slaughterhousemen)—Meet every Tuesday, Laurel Hall, Seventh and R. R. Avenue.
Carpenters No. 22—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Carpenters No. 304—Meet Mondays, Carpenters' Hall, 112 Valencia.
Carpenters No. 483—Meet Mondays, 112 Valencia.
Carpenters No. 1082—Meet Tuesdays, 112 Valencia.
Carpenters No. 1640—Meet Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.
Car Repairers and Trackmen No. 687—Meet 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Casting Cleaners—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple.
Cemetery Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Cement Workers No. 1—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Chauffeurs No. 265, I. B. of T.—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays in evening, 2d and 4th Thursdays in afternoon, at 215 Willow Avenue. S. T. Dixon, Business Agent.
Cigar Makers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Cloth, Hat and Cap Makers No. 9—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1245 Market.
Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Cooks' Helpers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays at headquarters, 338 Kearny.
Cooks No. 44—Meet 2d and 4th Thursday nights; headquarters, 828 Mission.
Coopers No. 65—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Electrical Workers No. 92—Meet Wednesdays, 112 Valencia.
Electrical Workers No. 151—Thursdays, 112 Valencia.
Electrical Workers No. 537—Wednesdays, 146 Steuart.
Elevator Conductors and Starters No. 13,105—Meet 3d Monday, Eureka Hall, Building Trades Temple.
Elevator Constructors No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees—Meet 1st Tuesday, Pacific Building; headquarters 742 Pacific Building.
Foundry Employees—Meet Fridays, 59 Clay.
Furniture Handlers No. 1—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Garment Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. J. Hammerschlag, Secretary.
Gas and Electric Fixture Hangers No. 404—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Gas and Water Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Glass Bottle Blowers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Glass Packers—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple.
Glove Workers—Meet 3d Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Glass Packers, Branch No. 45—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.

Granite Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st Thursdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; hours, 10 to 11 a. m.
Hatters' Union—J. Grace, Secretary; 1114 Mission.
Hoisting Engineers No. 59—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Horsehoers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
House Smiths and Iron Workers No. 78—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.
House Movers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Iron, Tin and Steel Workers No. 5—Meet 1st and 2d Saturdays, Metropolitan Hall, South San Francisco.
Janitors—Meet 1st Thursdays, 8 p. m., Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Jitney Bus Operators No. 399—R. H. Buck, Business Agent, 56 Steuart.
Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, 1256 Market.
Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Letter Carriers—Meet first Saturday, Los Angeles Hall, Native Sons Building.
Machinists' Auxiliary, Golden West Lodge No. 1—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Mallers—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Mantel, Grate and Tile Setters—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Marble Workers No. 44—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Marble Cutters No. 38—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders—Meet Tuesdays, 58 Commercial.
Marine Gasoline Engineers No. 471—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays.
Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Millmen No. 422—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Millwrights No. 766—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Molders' Auxiliary—Meets 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Mold Makers No. 66—Meet 1st Thursday, Roesech Building.
Moving Picture Operators, Local No. 162—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, 10 a. m., at headquarters, Musicians' Hall, 68 Haight.
Musicians—Headquarters, 68 Haight.
Office Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Painters No. 19—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Pattern Makers—Meet 2d and 4th Friday nights at headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Pavers No. 18—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Photo Engravers No. 8—Meet 1st Sundays at 12 M., in Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 457 Bryant.
Plasterers No. 66—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Plumbers No. 442—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Postoffice Clerks—Meet 4th Thursdays, Knights of Columbus Hall.
Press Feeders and Assistants—Meet 2d Thursday, Labor Temple; headquarters, 628 Montgomery, Room 229.
Printing Pressmen No. 24—Meet 2d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Rammermen—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, 8 p. m., Retail Clerks' Club, 32 Turk.
Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet at headquarters, 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Retail Shoe Clerks No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 8 p. m., Retail Clerks' Club, 32 Turk.
Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 74 Folsom.
Sailors' Union of the Pacific—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building, 59 Clay.
Sail Makers—Meet at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Sheet Metal Workers No. 95—Meet 2d Thursdays, 224 Guerrero.
Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Fridays, 224 Guerrero.
Shipyard Laborers—Meet Fridays, Labor Temple.
Sign and Pictorial Painters No. 510—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Stable and Garage Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Stage Employees—68 Haight.
Stationary Firemen—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Steam Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.
Steam Fitters and Helpers No. 590—Meet 1st and 3d Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Steam Fitters No. 509—Meet Tuesday evenings, 224 Guerrero.
Steam Laundry Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Labor Temple.
Steam Shovelmen Dist. No. 4—Meet Wednesdays, 215 Hewes Building.
Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 2d Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Street Railway Employees, Div. 518—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Sugar Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Switchmen's Union No. 197—Meets 1st and 3d Sundays, 2876 Twenty-fourth.
Tanners (Journeyman) No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Tailors No. 80—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, 240 Golden Gate Avenue.
Teamsters—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 536 Bryant.
Teamsters No. 216—Meet Saturdays, Building Trades Temple.
Theatrical Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 11 a. m., 68 Haight.
Tobacco Workers—Meet 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M. Kerrigan, Secretary, 290 Fremont.
Travellers' Goods and Novelty Workers—Tiv Hall, Albion Ave.
Typographical No. 21—Meets last Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Room 701 Underwood Bldg., 525 Market.
Undertakers—Meet on call, 3567 Seventeenth.
United Glass Workers—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.
United Laborers of S. F.—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.
United Leather Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, 61 Haight.
Upholsterers—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Walters No. 30—Meet 1st Wednesday, 8:30 p. m.; other Wednesdays 2:30 p. m., at headquarters, 828 Mission.
Waitresses No. 48—Meet Wednesdays, 1095 Market.
Watchmen No. 15,689—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, 3 p. m., Labor Temple. O. S. Curry, secretary; 1437 Polk.
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Ladies' Auxiliary to Label Section—Meets 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Anti-Jap Laundry League—512-14 Angle Bldg., Sixteenth and Mission.

employees being one in restraint of trade, the judge said: "I believe that neither the members of the labor union nor their employers have violated the law. I believe their agreement is not only innocent, but that it has resulted in bringing harmony and stability where formerly chaos, contention and disorder were found. The business in which the defendants are engaged can not be called manufacture for production or sale, within the ordinary sense of these terms. Photo-engraving is rather to be regarded as an art or process. The defendants are not prohibited by the statute from dictating the terms on which they shall render their services, since their labors can not in any proper sense be said to result in the production or sale of any article or commodity in common use."

While members of the Newspaper Scale Committee will probably have nothing more to report at next Sunday's meeting than "progress," it may be said that the committee is in no manner discouraged over recent developments. Many conferences are being held with the representatives of the publishers and it is felt that concessions both in wages and hours may yet be had.

The Job Scale Advisory Committee, together with the president and secretary of the union, have met with the executive committee of the Franklin Printing Trades Association and the proposition to consider the subject of a war bonus was discussed informally. The officers were requested to prepare and furnish certain data regarding the matter. This has been done, and the association, through its committee, is giving this data close scrutiny. Many other employers not affiliated with the Franklin Association are manifesting a keen interest in the proposed war bonus and favorable expressions have been received.

Sunday evening, April 7th, will be ladies' night at the Allied Printing Trades Club. There will be no invitations issued, but the club rooms will be at the disposal of the lady friends of the members on that evening.

MARTIN DEFEATS LEMAN.

Lincoln Martin, business agent of the local Bakers' Union, has been elected district representative of the International Union, defeating his principal opponent, S. K. Leman, also of San Francisco, by a big vote.

Do
you want to
increase
your

Business?

If you do, put the UNION
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The UNION LABEL originated right here in San Francisco and the people demand it on their purchases.

LIVING COSTS SOAR.

If a worker, last year, raised wages 24 per cent, or from \$3 to \$3.72 a day, for instance, the increased cost of food that year would take away his increase, with nothing to meet higher prices for rent, shoes, clothing, etc.

If the same worker raised wages 52 per cent, or from \$3 to \$4.56 a day between 1913 and 1917, the increased cost of food during that period would consume this gain, with nothing to meet higher prices for rent, shoes, clothing, etc.

The above suppositions are based on food prices issued by the federal bureau of labor statistics, and published in its Monthly Review, March issue:

"In the year from December 15, 1916, to December 15, 1917, prices of food as a whole advanced 24 per cent. Potatoes and onions are the only articles that show a decline. Potatoes decreased in price 10 per cent and onions 12 per cent. The article showing the greatest increase is corn meal, which was 80 per cent higher in December, 1917, than in December, 1916. In this year, bacon increased 63 per cent; pork chops, 52 per cent; beans, 32 per cent; milk and ham, 31 per cent each; lard, 28 per cent; rice, 27 per cent; hens, 26 per cent; flour, 23 per cent; eggs and bread, 20 per cent each.

"Food as a whole was 52 per cent higher on December 15, 1917, than on December 15, 1913, and 50 per cent higher than on either December 15, 1914, or December 15, 1915. During this four-year period, corn meal advanced 127 per cent; lard, 111 per cent; flour, 108 per cent; bacon, 83 per cent; sugar, 76 per cent; pork chops and potatoes, 67 per cent each; ham, 64 per cent; milk, 44 per cent; butter, 37 per cent, and eggs, 33 per cent. No article declined in price."

FITZGERALD GIVEN TOKEN.

A beautiful gold watch charm, emblematic of the union, was presented to Peter Fitzgerald by the Press Feeders' Union at its last meeting, the occasion being the retirement of Mr. Fitzgerald from the office of president, which he has filled with credit to himself and the benefit of the union for two years past. The token was suitably engraved and expressed the appreciation of the union for the services rendered by Mr. Fitzgerald.

The newly-elected officers of the union are: President, L. Jones; vice-president, B. Donohue; secretary, J. Galligan; recording secretary, E. Shaw; delegates to Labor Council, Peter Fitzgerald, J. Galligan; delegates to Allied Printing Trades Council, J. Galligan, L. Jones, B. Donohue.

TEAMSTERS ASK HIGHER WAGE.

An increase of fifty cents a day a wages in being sought by the Brotherhood of Teamsters No. 85, which has opened negotiations with employers and hopes soon to secure the desired increase.

While it is true that the Brotherhood of Teamsters last year negotiated a three-year working agreement and wage scale providing for an increased wage, since that time the cost of living has increased to such an extent that the present wage is insufficient to maintain the standard of living.

Officers of the Union, despite press reports to the contrary, do not anticipate any serious trouble in negotiating the proposed wage scale, as they believe employers will recognize the justice of the teamsters' position.

INCREASE SICK BENEFIT FUND.

The sick and death benefit fund of United Trunk, Bag and Suit Case Workers' Union No. 1 was materially increased as a result of the big attendance at the dance given by the union last Saturday night in Roesch Hall. The affair was a social, as well as a financial, success.

CARPENTERS AID WEINBERG.

Carpenters' Union No. 483 at its weekly meeting decided to furnish a portion of the \$15,000 bail required for Israel Weinberg, one of the so-called bomb defendants, who was liberated on bail a week ago. Weinberg is a member of this union.

The matter is now in the hands of the executive board of the union and it is likely that the executive board will recommend that the union contribute \$3000 for this purpose.

The union will hold a special called meeting next Monday night to take a referendum vote on the question of an increase in wages for mill-men.

The sum of \$60 was paid in accident benefits by the union during the past week.

IRON TRADES IGNORE CHARGES.

The Iron Trades Council at its weekly meeting decided to ignore the charges made by Secretary O. A. Tveitmoe of the State Building Trades Council, at the recent convention of that body, that certain unions of the Iron Trades Council were preventing union men of other crafts, whose services were sorely needed by the Government, from working in the shipbuilding industry.

The Iron Trades Council took the position that until Tveitmoe was more specific in his charges no reply was called for.

Delegates from the various unions, in reporting to the Iron Trades Council, denied that their organizations were preventing any man from getting work at the shipyards in and around San Francisco.

TO ESTABLISH BRANCH LOCAL.

The Garment Workers' Union of San Francisco has taken steps to establish a branch of the local in Oakland for the benefit of members employed in that city.

Members of the executive board and officers of the San Francisco local held a meeting in Oakland Monday night and arranged for a branch organization in that city, where a large number of union garment workers are now employed.

The Oakland branch will meet the last Monday evening of each month and will also be represented in the Central Labor body of Alameda County.

HASSELL ADDRESSES BARTENDERS.

A. B. Hassell, representing the Bartenders' Union of Los Angeles, addressed the meeting of the San Francisco Bartenders' Union on Monday night. Hassell said that the organized labor movement of Los Angeles is going forward by leaps and bounds. He spoke of the Boilermakers' Union, which, he said, a year ago was not in existence, now has a membership of 2600. Hassell urged the members to vigorously oppose the attempt to place California in the list of "dry" States.

WANT SHORTER WORKDAY

At a special meeting of the Riggers' and Stevedores' Union last Sunday it was decided to ask employers for an eight-hour workday, the men to begin work at eight o'clock and quit at five o'clock, instead of working from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m., as has been the custom.

It is probable that the eight-hour day will not become effective before June 1, 1918, as according to the terms of the working agreement of the union the employers must be given sixty days' notice of any contemplated change. Such notice will be given employers this week.

BAKERS GET CONFERENCE.

Bakers' Union No. 204 has arranged with employers for a conference next week on the question of daylight baking and a material increase in wages. Indications are that the union will negotiate its new working agreement without any serious difficulty.

KIDWELL DELIVERS THE GOODS.

George Kidwell, business representative for the Bakery Wagon Drivers' Union, is being congratulated upon the splendid working agreement and wage scale which he has practically negotiated, with the assistance of Secretary O'Connell of the Labor Council, for the union he represents.

This agreement gives the inside men an eight-hour day and raises their pay from \$18 and \$20 per week to a minimum of \$22.50 per week.

The outside men, who have been working nine hours a day, will get the eight-hour day and an increase of \$2.50 per week.

TELLS OF WAR WORK.

Captain Ryan of the Salvation Army addressed the meeting of the Labor Council last Friday night in the interest of the Nation-wide fund that organization is trying to raise to carry on its relief work among the soldiers in France.

Captain Ryan said that the Salvation Army has 800 workers in France who receive no salary; that the Salvation Army has 48 ambulances which have carried 4800 wounded men from the battlefields, and conducts 77 hotels which furnish free accommodations every night to more than 4000 soldiers.

PLAN "WET" CAMPAIGN.

The officers and members of the executive board of the California Trades Union Liberty League held a conference in this city on Monday to discuss plans for the coming campaign against the attempt to make California "bone dry," and thus throw thousands of trade unionists and other workers out of employment.

MACHINISTS BUSY IN STOCKTON.

The International Association of Machinists has started another campaign of organization in Stockton, with the hope of unionizing some of the big plants of that city.

E. H. Misner, member of the San Francisco union and a general organizer for the International Union, is in charge of the campaign.

BOILERMAKERS DEFER ACTION.

Boilermakers' Union No. 6, of San Francisco, has not yet decided the question of affiliating with the Pacific District Council of Boilermakers, organized in San Francisco last week.

At a special meeting of the Boilermakers' Union No. 6, held Thursday night, March 21st, final action on the question of affiliating with the District Council was postponed for two weeks, when another special meeting will be held to take final action on the subject.

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